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Spalding Urban District Council

REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

to the

Spalding Urban District

for the

Year 1953

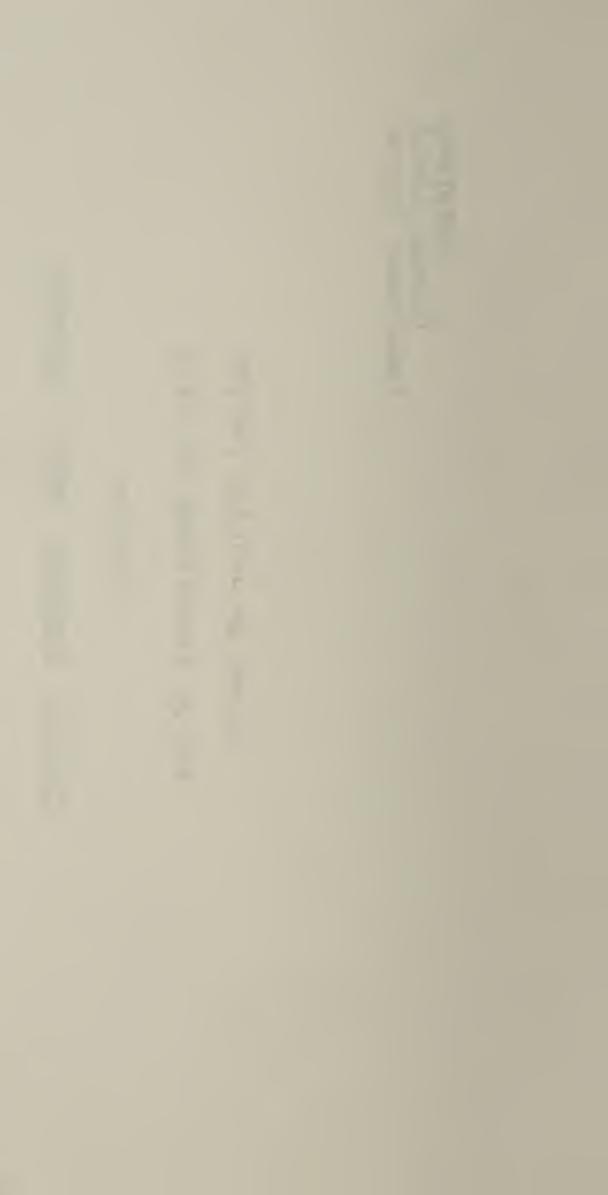


SPAIDING URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

With the Compliments of the

Medical Officer of Health

Health Department Short Street, Spalding.



SPALDING URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

CHAIRMAN :- Mr. J. C. Rayner, J.P.

VICE-CHAIRMAN :-- Mr. B. Baxter

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

Mr. F. C. Bratley, J.P.

Mr. G. W. Chatterton

Miss M. H. Edwards

Mr. D. Frost, J.P.

Mr. E. Fisher

Mr. D. A. Hall

Mrs. A. L. Munson

Mr. F. H. Munson

Mr. H. J. Nightingale

Mr. C. H. Peck

Mr. F. J. Stagles

Mr. W. A. Start

Mr. T. H. Padley

MEMBERS OF PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN :-- Mr. F. J. Stagles

Mr. D. Frost, J.P.

Mr. E. Fisher

Mr. D. A. Hall

Mrs. A. L. Munson

Mr. T. H. Padley

Mr. W. A. Start.

The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council are ex-officio Members

STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
J. R. Munro, M.D.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICER

L. A. Gornall, F.I.A.S., M.R.S.I.

ASSISTANT SANITARY INSPECTOR
R. H. Grainger, A.R.S.I.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1953

To the Chairman and Members of The Spalding Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I present herewith the report for the year 1953, in accordance with the recent Circular of the Ministry of Health.

It will be appreciated that the report deals with a period during which my predecessor, Dr. J. R. Munro, held office. Dr. Munro has handed all records and statistical data in his possession to this Department, and your Chief and Additional Sanitary Inspectors have given me all the help possible in the preparation of this report.

I am confident that the Council and other officials will be glad to take this opportunity of wishing Dr. Munro a long and happy life in retirement.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

R. MILLER
Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

The Area of the District is
The Resident Population (1951 census) 14,439
The Registrar General's estimated mid-year Home Population figure (used in the calculation of Birth and Death Rates)
Rateable Value
Sum represented by 1d. rate £299 18s. 0.48
The Number of inhabited houses 4,568

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births.

Legitimate Illegitimate	Male	Female	Total
	122	92	214
	6	6	12
Total Live Births	128	98	226

Live Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated population ... 16.19

This figure is the corrected figure allowing for the age and sex composition of the population to secure comparability between local birth rates, the comparability factor for this district being 1.03

Still Births.

		Male	e Female	Total
Legitimate		4	1	5
Illegitimate	••• •••	0	0	0
	·			
	Total Still Bir	ths 4	1	5
				
Still Birth ra	te per 1,000 (L	ive & Still)	Births	21.64

Deaths.

	Male	Female	Total
Deaths from all causes	123	121	244
Death rate per 1,000 estimated por	oulation		15.27

This figure has been adjusted for transfers in and out of the district and using the comparability factor of 0.90 supplied by the Registrar General, has been corrected to allow for the age and sex composition of the population in order to secure comparability between local death rates.

Deaths from:

	Male	Female	Total
Cancer	27	23	50
Whooping Cough	0	1	1
Measles	0	0	0
Gastritis, enteritis and			
diarrhoea	2	0	2

Maternal Mortality.

Deaths from pregnancy, childbirth and abortion ... Nil.

Infantile Mortality. Deaths of Infants under 1	vear of age			
iscallis of limines under 1	year or age	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	•••	6	5	11
Illegitimate	•••	0	0	0
	Total	6	5	11
	10441			
Death Rates of Infants und	er 1 year o	f age.		
All Infants per 1,000				48.67
Legitimate Infants per				51.40
Illegitimate Infants per	1,000 illeg	itimate bi	rths	Nil.
Deaths of Infants under 4	weeks of ag	ge.		
	_	Male	Transala.	
		Maic	Female	Total
Legitimate		2	Female 4	Total 6
Legitimate Illegitimate				_
	•••	2 0 ——	0	6 0
		2	4	6
Illegitimate	 Total	2 0 2	0	6 0
Illegitimate Death Rates of Infants und	Total	2 0 	4 0 	6 0 6
Illegitimate Death Rates of Infants und All Infants per 1,000	Total ler 4 weeks live births	2 0 	4 0 	6 0 6 26.54
Illegitimate Death Rates of Infants und	Total ler 4 weeks live births 1,000 legit	2 0 	4 0 4 rths	6 0 6

Comments.

Comments on Vital Statistics.

Birth Rate (Live Births)

Death Rate (All causes)

Death Rate of Infants under 1 year

The Vital Statistics record that a fairly satisfactory level of health is being maintained in Spalding Urban District. The Cancer Rate is increasing everywhere, and, up to the present time, no preventive measures suitable for general application, have been discovered.

England

15.5

11.4

26.8

S.U.D.C. & Wales

... 16.19

48.67

... 15.27

It is to be hoped that Cancer Research, which is continuous both in this Country and in America, will provide us with the means of prevention, which is always preferable to either operative or conservative treatment of the established disease.

The Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age for this and neighbouring Districts, compares unfavourably with the mean rate for England and Wales as a whole. There is no simple, nor, I feel sure, single explanation for this, and it must be emphasised that the relatively small numbers from which the District Rate is calculated makes it unwise to attempt to draw definite conclusions.

In general, the health of this District compares reasonably well with that of the nation as a whole.

NUMBERS OF DEATHS FROM PARTICULAR CAUSES IN SPALDING URBAN DISTRICT IN 1953

	Male	Female	Total
Tuberculosis, respiratory	0	2	2
Tuberculosis, other forms	0	0	0
Syphilitic disease	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	0
Whooping Cough	0	1	1
Meningococcal Infections	0	0	0
Acute Poliomyelitis	0	0	0
Measles	0	0	0
Other infective and parasitic diseases	0	0	0
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	6	8	14
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	2	1	3
Malignant neoplasm, breast	0	3 ·	3
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	0	5	5
Other malignant and lymphatic neo-			
plasms	19	6	25
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	0	1	1
Diabetes	0	0	0
Vascular lesions of nervous system	11	20	31
Coronary disease, angina	15	3	18
Hypertension with heart disease	1	1	2
Other heart disease	25	25	50
Other circulatory disease	14	22	36
Influenza	1	1	. 2
Pneumonia	2	3	5
Bronchitis	0	1	1
Other diseases of respiratory system	0	0	0
Ulcer of stomach & duodenum	2	0	2
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	2	0	2
Nephritis and nephrosis	0	. 1	1
Hyperplasia of prostrate	5	0	5
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	0	0	0
Congenital malformation	2	1	3
Other defined and ill-defined diseases		. 15	27
Motor vehicle accidents	0	0	0
All other accidents	2	0	2
Suicide	2	1	3
Homicide & operations of War	1	0	1
·	-		
Total	123	121	244

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

Excluding cases of Tuberculosis, which are dealt with separately, 191 cases of infectious diseases were notified during the year.

Infectious Disease	No. of Cases
Scarlet Fever	3
Whooping Cough	10
Measles	174
Pneumonia	4
Meningococcal Infection	0
Food Poisoning	0
Puerperal Pyrexia	0
Diphtheria	0
Total:	191

ANALYSIS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES UNDER AGE GROUPS

	Age Group in Years									
		nder year		3-4	5-9	10-14	15-24		Not known	Total
Scarlet Fever					3					3
Whooping Cough		1	3	4	2					10
Measles		8	31	62	49	14	3	5	2	174
Pneumonia					2			2		4

Diphtheria Immunisation.

No cases of Diphtheria occurred in the district during the year. In 1952, 175 children under 5 years of age and 3 children over 5 years of age received primary immunisation against diphtheria.

A further 232 children between the ages of 5 and 14 years were given a "Booster" or secondary injection.

The figures provided by the County Medical Officer of Health show that:

80.2% of children under 5 years and

80.8% of children aged 5-14 years had been immunised by the end of the year.

Corresponding figures for the County as a whole are :—
Children under 5 years 61.7%
Children aged 5-14 years 78.2%

The work is carried out by General Practitioners in their surgeries and in the homes, and by the medical staff of the Holland County Council in the Infant Welfare Centre and in the Schools.

Food Poisoning.

No cases of food poisoning were notified during the year.

Comments.

It is satisfactory to note that no cases of Diphtheria occurred during the year, and I feel that the parents of Spalding Urban District deserve commendation, as it would not be possible to maintain the high level of immunisation attained without their active co-operation. It is hoped that once the Whooping Cough Immunisation Campaign, which was commenced last year, becomes established, that Whooping Cough, like Diphtheria will become conspicuous by its absence.

TUBERCULOSIS

Cases of Tuberculosis on the Regis-) Pulmonary ter at 31/12/53. Non - Pulmonary	•••	-		T'l. 73 40
Cases removed from the Register Pulmonary during 1953.	• • •	_ 1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
Cases added to the Register during Pulmonary 1953.	•••	4	$\frac{2}{1}$	6

The total number of cases on the Register at 31/12/53 was 113 an increase of 4 on last years figure of 109.

Seven cases were added to the Register during the year and 3 cases were removed. Of the 3 removals 2 were cured and 1 removed to another area.

Analysis of new cases and deaths during the year.

Ī	Y			NEW (CASI	ES		DEATHS		
ı						Von				Von
ı	Age Perio	od								nonary
L			M.	F.	M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.
I										
ı	Under 5	• • •	1					—		_
l	5—15	• • •	—			—			—	
ı	15—25	•••	1	1	—	1		—	—	_
	25—35	•••		2		_	_		—	
	35—45	•••	_			_				—
	45—55	• • •	1		—	_		—		
1	55—65	• • •			_	_		_		_
	65 & over	• • •	_	_	-	_		_	—	
1	Totals	•••	3	3		1				_

COMMENTS:

The housing conditions of cases of Tuberculosis are constantly kept under review. Where unsatisfactory and unsuitable conditions have existed, the members of the Council have been most helpful in providing suitable accommodation. Five cases were rehoused during the year.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT

(a) Laboratory Facilities.

These are provided by the Public Health Laboratory of the Medical Research Council at Lincoln and samples of foods, water and specimens for bacteriological examination have been dispatched there.

The Waterworks Department used the facilities provided by the Counties Public Health Laboratories, London, for the chemical and bacteriological examinations of water samples.

(b) Ambulance Facilities.

This service is provided and maintained by the Holland County Council through the County Transport Department, Allan House, Carlton Road, Boston.

(c) Home Nursing.

Home nursing and Home Help services are provided by the County Council.

(d) Mortuary Facilities.

Mortuary facilities are available at the Johnson Hospital, Priory Road, and at the Pinchbeck Road Hospital, Spalding.

(e) Clinic and Treatment Services.

Maternity and Infant Welfare sessions and Ante-natal Clinics are provided by the County Council at the Clinic, Holland Road, Spalding.

Ophthalmological examinations are made by appointment at the Holland Road Clinic. Most of the children are referred to the Eye Specialist from School Medical Examinations or from Infant Welfare Clinics.

Speech Therapy is provided by appointment at Holland Road Clinic. Here again most of the children are referred from School Medical Examinations.

Dental Treatment is given by appointment at Holland Road Clinic.

Ascertainment of the Intelligence Quotient of educationally retarded children is carried out by appointment at Holland Road Clinic, and when necessary, the County Medical Officer, makes arrangements for a special education of the child, or for the care and supervision of the ineducable.

Vaccination against Small Pox, and Immunisation against Diphtheria, and Whooping Cough, are provided at Holland Road Clinic.

(f) Hospitals.

The two Hospitals—Johnson Hospital, Priory Road, Spalding, and Pinchbeck Road Hospital, Spalding, in the area are under the control of the Boston Group Management Committee of the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board. Both these hospitals are general practitioner's Hospitals and the various Specialists attend at certain times. Other Hospital facilities available are as under:—

(g) National Assistance Act 1948—Section 47.

No action was taken under this Section during the year.

National Assistance Act 1948—Section 50.

Arrangements were made for the burial of 3 men under Section 50 of the above Act. In each case relatives were traceable, but were not liable for their maintenance under Section 42 (1) of the National Assistance Act and were not willing to arrange for the burials.

SPALDING URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL WATERWORKS DEPARTMENT

Year Ending 31st March, 1954

Data for Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health.

Quantity Supplied.

An uninterrupted supply of water was maintained throughout the year from the source at Bourne, not only to the Spalding U.D.C. Area, but also to the Urban District of Bourne and the Rural Districts of Boston, East Elloe and South Kesteven which are supplied in bulk. The southern end of Boston Borough also receives a supply through Boston R.D.C. The actual quantities supplied were as follows:—

	Estimated Population	Av. Daily Consmpn	Av. Daily C	-
Authority	•	Gallons	All Do	mestic
			purposes	only
Spalding U.D.C	14,500	885,000	61.0	16.0
Bourne U.D.C	5,200	180,000	34.7	
East Elloe R.D.C.	23,100	577,000	25.0	*
Boston R.D.C	21,146	473,000	22.4	*
South Kesteven	10.000	170.000	17.0	
R.D.C.	10,000	178,000	17.8	
Totals:	73,946	2,293,000	31.0	

^{*}Adequate reserves of water are available at Bourne to meet all estimated future requirements.

Purity of Supply.

Chemical and bacteriological examinations were carried out at quarterly intervals both at the source and as delivered into supply. Typical results are attached hereto.

The results show that the water was at all times of the very highest standard of chemical and bacteriological purity. The water is not plumbo-solvent, nor has there been any form of contamination.

Developments in Spalding U.D.C. Area.

During the year 77 new services were laid and connected and 1,379 yards of new distribution mains were laid. At the end of the year 4,413 houses in the area had a piped supply of water.

The population actually supplied is approximately 99 per cent. of the total population of the area.

P. A. LAMONT,

Water Engineer's Office, The Corn Exchange, Spalding.

25th August, 1954.

SPALDING URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL. WATERWORKS DEPARTMENT

COPY OF CERTIFICATES OF WATER ANALYSIS

Samples collected on 13th May, 1954, and sent for Analysis to to the Counties Public Health Laboratories at 66, Victoria Street, LONDON S.W. 1.

Tay Water CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Appearance Series Analysis Appearance Series Analysis Appearance Series Analysis Appearance Series Analysis Analys	Chemical Results in	No. 1 Bourne Pum	No. 2 pping Station	No. 3 Spalding
Appearance	Parts Per Million			
Turbidity	CHEMICAL ANALYSIS			
Turbidity	Appearance	very few min-	Clear & bright	Clear & bright
Nil Nil	Turbidity		Nil	Nil
Reaction p.H 7.3 7.2 7.3 Electric Conductivity at 20° C. 650 610 640 Total Solids at 180° C. 445 420 430 Hardness—Total 365 330 345 Hardness—Temporary 225 230 230 Hardness—Permanent 140 100 115 Free CO² 16 21 16 Alkalinity as CaCO³ 225 230 230 Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.0 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrites Less than 0.01 0.026 0.000 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours — — — Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Iron — — — Metals—Hanganese — — — Metals—Others — — — Cloonies per ml. on Agar		Nil	Nil	Nil
Electric Conductivity at 20° C. 650 610 640 Total Solids at 180° C. 445 420 430 Hardness—Total 365 330 345 Hardness—Temporary 225 230 230 Hardness—Permanent 140 100 115 Free CO² 16 21 16 Alkalinity as CaCO³ 225 230 230 Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrites 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrogen 0.00 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.00 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Hanganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — — <t< td=""><td>Odour</td><td>slightly oily</td><td>Nil</td><td>1</td></t<>	Odour	slightly oily	Nil	1
Total Solids at 180° C. 445 420 430 Hardness—Total 365 330 345 Hardness—Temporary 225 230 230 Hardness—Permanent 140 100 115 Free CO² 16 21 16 Alkalinity as CaCO³ 225 230 230 Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrites Less than 0.01 Less than 0.01 0.00 0.00 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — — — Metals—Manganese — — — — — Metals—Others — — — — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — —		7.3	7.2	
Hardness—Total		}	610	
Hardness—Temporary 225 230 230 Hardness—Permanent 140 100 115 Free CO² 16 21 16 Alkalinity as CaCO³ 225 230 230 Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.0 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrites Less than 0.01 Less than 0.01 Ammonical Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Iron — — — Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C. — — 2 days at 20° C. 75 — — Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>i e</td><td></td></td<>			i e	
Hardness—Permanent				
Free CO² 16 21 16 Alkalinity as CaCO³ 225 230 230 Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.0 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrites Less than 0.01 0.00 Ammonical Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.026 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Iron — — — Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — — Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C — — — 2 days at 20° C 75 — — — — Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — — — Absent from				
Alkalinity as CaCO³ 225 230 230 Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.0 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrites 0.000 0.00 0.00 Ammonical Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Iron — 0.08 0.03 Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — — Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C. — — — 2 days at 20° C. 75 — — — Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — — Present in ml. 100 100 100 Bact. coli. — — — — Present in<				
Chlorine in Chlorides 20 20 20 Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.0 0.0 0.0 Nitrogen in Nitrites 20 0.0 0.0 Ammonical Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.026 0.000 Albuminoid Nitrogen 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Iron — 0.08 0.03 Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C. — — — 2 days at 20° C. 75 — — — Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — — Present in ml. — — — — Absent from ml. 100 100 100				
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Nitrogen in Nitrites				
Ammonical Nitrogen				
Albuminoid Nitrogen				
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours 0.25 0.25 0.25 Residual Chlorine — — — Metals—Iron — 0.08 0.03 Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — Colonies per ml. on Agar — — — 1 day at 37° C — — — 2 days at 37° C — — — 3 days at 20° C 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in ml. — — — Absent from ml. 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction — — — — — — — — —				
Residual Chlorine —				
Metals—Iron — 0.08 0.03 Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS — — — Colonies per ml. on Agar — — — — 1 day at 37° C. — — — — 2 days at 20° C. 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in ml. — — — Absent from ml. 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction — — — — Present in ml. — — —		0.25	0,20	0.20
Metals—Manganese — — — Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS Colonies per ml. on Agar — — — 1 day at 37° C. — — — 2 days at 37° C. — — — 3 days at 20° C. 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in ml. 100 100 100 Bact. coli. — — — — Present in ml. — — — Absent from ml. 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction — — — — Present in ml. — — —			0.08	0.03
Metals—Others — — — BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS Colonies per ml. on Agar — — — 1 day at 37° C. — — — 2 days at 37° C. — — — 3 days at 20° C. 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in ml. 100 100 100 Bact. coli. — — — — Present in ml. — — — Absent from ml. 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction — — — — Present in ml. — — —			0.00	
RESULTS Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C				
RESULTS Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C. — — — 2 days at 37° C. — — — 3 days at 20° C. 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in ml. — — — Absent from ml. 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction — — — — Present in ml. — — — —				
Colonies per ml. on Agar 1 day at 37° C — <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
1 day at 37° C. — — — 2 days at 37° C. — — — 3 days at 20° C. 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — Present in				
2 days at 37° C. — — — — — — — — — — — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — <				
3 days at 20° C. 75 — 45 Presumptive Coliform Reaction — — — — Present in ml. 100 100 100 Bact. coli. — — — — Absent in ml. 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction — — — — Present in ml. — — —	2 days at 37° C			
Presumptive Coliform Reaction — <t< td=""><td></td><td>75</td><td></td><td>45</td></t<>		75		45
Present in				40
Absent from				
Bact. coli. Present in		100	100	100
Present in				100
Absent from ml 100 100 100 Cl. welchii Reaction Present in ml — — — —				
Cl. welchii Reaction Present in		100	100	100
Absent from ml 100 100 100				
100	Absent from ml	100	100	100

REMARKS

No. 1—This sample is practically clear and bright in appearance, neutral in reaction and free from iron and other metals. The water is very hard in character though not excessively so, contains no excess of salinity or mineral constituents in solution and it is of the highest standard of organic and bacterial purity.

These results are indicative of a pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes.

The sample has a very slight odour of oil: this might relate to a chance contamination of the sample itself but, alternatively, it might indicate some factor requiring attention.

No. 2—This sample is clear and bright in appearance, neutral in reaction and free from metals apart from a negligible trace of iron. The water is very hard in character though not excessively so, contains no excess of salinity or mineral constituents in solution and it is of the highest standard of organic and bacterial purity.

These results are indicative of a pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes.

No. 3—This sample is clear and bright in appearance, neutral in reaction and free from metals apart from a negligible trace of iron. The water is very hard in character though not excessively so, contains no excess of salinity or mineral constituents in solution and it is of the highest standard of organic and bacterial purity.

These results are indicative of a pure and wholesome water suitable for drinking and domestic purposes.

The following section of the Annual Report refers particularly to the work of the Sanitary Inspectors.

Visits.

The following table shows the number of visits made during the year:—

Subject of Visits		Initial Visits	Routine or Revisits
Housing Defects	• • • • • •	56	171
Water Supplies & Water Sam	ples	2	4
Drainage Nuisances		17	33
Drainage Nuisances Refuse Nuisances	• • • • • •	15	29
Overcrowding	• • • • • •	5	10
Moveable Dwellings			29
Fried Fish Shops		2	11
Ice Cream Premises		5	14
Bakehouses	• • • • • • •		14
Food Preparing Premises			46
Factories & Workplaces			
(excluding Food Factories)		7	39
Verminous Premises			
Infectious Diseases			
Disinfection after Infectious Dis			2
Rats and Mice	•••	6	36
Housing Act 1949		5	15
Miscellaneous		29	51
			——
		168	504

Nuisances.

Ninety complaints of housing defects, drainage and refuse nuisances were investigated and informal notices and letters requesting abatement sent to the appropriate persons in each case.

Housing General.

One Statutory Notice under Section 9 of the Housing Act, 1936 was served. During the year 4 Demolition Orders and one Closing Order were made and the following 6 houses were demolished:—

- 1. Two houses on which Demolition Orders were made during the year.
- 2. Four houses on which Demolition Orders had been previously made.

The Council accepted one undertaking to repair a dwelling.

Overcrowding.

During the year seven cases of overcrowding were relieved.

New Housing.

During the year 46 houses and 14 flats were completed on St. Paul's Housing Estate and a further 62 were under construction of which 30 had been roofed by the end of the year.

Twenty-eight dwellings were completed by Private Developers and a further 21 were commenced.

Moveable Dwellings.

(a) Dwellings Licenced under Section 269 Public Health Act 1936.

Constant surveillance of the district was kept for this class of dwelling and where possible action taken to licence them for a limited period and control sanitary conditions.

During the year 8 new applications were approved, 13 licences renewed and 2 applications refused. The overall position with regards to this class of dwelling throughout the District is as under:—

Moveable Dwellings Licenced	23
Moveable Dwellings on ap-	
proved Council Sites	41

(b) Sites.

During the year work commenced on the layout of the fifth site to be provided by the Local Authority. This site is to provide for twenty caravans.

All four sites previously laid out by the Council are fully occupied and it has been found that the provision of these sites, together with the drainage and essential services afforded, does much to prevent the indiscriminate siting of caravans throughout the district.

During the year one undesirable site was cleared of caravans.

Common Lodging Houses.

All registered Common Lodging Houses were inspected at irregular intervals throughout the year. Extensive improved sanitary and washing facilities were provided at one lodging house. The general standard of these premises continues to be satisfactory.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

During the year the undermentioned work was carried out :-

(a) Closet Accommodation.

Vaults converted and connected to Public Sewer	3
Vaults converted and connected to Cesspools	4
Cesspools abolished and connected to Public Sewer	3

(b) Sewerage Improvements.

St. Paul's Housing Estate.

The existing sewer was extended to provide drainage facilities for a further 24 houses.

Public Cleansing.

The Department is responsible for the collection of domestic and trade refuse, the emptying of Sanitary pails, privy-vaults, cesspools, street gullies and the disposal of the waste materials.

Brief notes follow on the various sections of the Cleansing Service.

(a) Refuse Collection and Disposal.

A weekly kerbside refuse collection is given to all domestic premises and a twice weekly collection to food and other business premises in the town.

A similar fortnightly collection service covers the outlying and scattered properties.

Two modern side-loading vehicles are used for this work, and other available transport is employed at peak periods. During the year seven notices under Section 75 Public Health Act 1936 were served upon owners and the notices were complied with in all cases. Disposal of refuse is by incineration and controlled tipping. The incineration plant is a four cell Hennan & Froude and has remained substantially the same for a number of years. The continued increase in the number of houses and the resultant increase in the amount of refuse is now creating some congestion during the summer months at the Disposal Works. The position is relieved by the controlled tipping of all incombustible matter at the pit reserved exclusively for Council refuse.

(b) Salvage Collection and Disposal.

Salvage is collected at the same time as the refuse. A trailer is attached to each refuse vehicle for this purpose. In addition, special collections are made when quantities and types of material make it necessary.

Details are given below of the values of salvage sold during 1953:—

Materials						£	s.	d.
Waste Paper			• • •	• • •	• • •	1,937	1	8
Ferrous & Non-f	erroı	ıs M	etals	• • •	• • •	661	5	1
Rags and String		• • •	• • •	• • •		47	3	3
Miscellaneous	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	34	2	6
		,	Total	l :	ā	£2,679	12	6

This is equivalent to the product of a ninepenny rate.

(c) Cesspool and Vault Emptying.

The emptying of cesspools and vaults is carried out with a modern cesspool emptying machine.

A charge of one pound per load is made for this service.

During the year 223 vaults and cesspools were emptied and the contents disposed into the normal sewerage outfalls. The cesspool emptier is also used for emptying street gullies in the Urban Area on behalf of the Highway Authority.

During the year 1,381 street gullies were emptied and cleansed.

SWIMMING POOL

The Swimming Pool was again used by the local Swimming Pool Committee who encouraged participation by the younger generation. The Education Committee continued to use the pool and swimming instruction was arranged by them for school children from Spalding and District.

Weekly routine samples of the water were taken and submitted for analysis and with two exceptions the water proved to be of a satisfactory quality. In each of these cases a reason was found, and no action was necessary.

Daily checks are taken by the Waterworks Department for free-chlorine content and at no time, did reports show, the free chlorine content to have fallen below 1 p.p.m.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

The Council continued to be a participant in the County of Holland Clean Food Campaign.

During the year two premises were approved and their occupiers registered as participants.

Clean Food Certificates have been issued in respect of the following premises:

Butchers and Cooked Meat	Shops	• • •	• • •	• • •	7
Grocery Stores		• • •		•••	4
Fried and Wet Fish Shops	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	3
Catering Establishments			• • •	•••	4
Bakeries	•••	• • •			1

(a) Milk.

1. Milk Distributors.

6 Milk Distributors are registered with the Council under the Milk and Dairies Regulations 1949.

2. Designated Milk.

The increase in the sales of bottled, designated milks still continues throughout the district. Raw milk is now only supplied by two retailers.

The major quantity of the milk sold in the area continued to be produced in neighbouring districts and bulk pasteurised and bottled at two dairies in adjoining areas.

The following licences to use special milk designations were issued during 1953:—

Pasteurised Milk		• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	2
Sterilised Milk			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	18
Tuberculin Tested	(Paste	eurise	d)				Nil

(b) Ice Cream.

During the year four premises were registered for the sale of ice cream. The sale of unwrapped ice cream is discouraged and it is interesting to note that only four registrations handle the loose product. Details of Register on 31st December 1953:—

Licences	for	Manufacture	and	Sale	•••			Nil
Licences	for	Storage and	Sale	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	58

(c) Meat Inspection.

Commercial slaughter of animals for human consumption is not carried out in this district.

(d) Other Foods Inspection.

The following foodstuffs, generally in the possession of local tradesmen were found to be unfit for human consumption and were voluntarily surrendered and destroyed. A list is given below:—

- 1195 Cans of various Canned Foods.
 - 27 Jars Preserves and Pickles.
 - 197 Cans Meat and Meat Products.
 - 19 Canned Hams.
 - 159 lbs. Cheese and Cheese Trimmings.
 - 66 Cartons Processed Cheese.
 - 20 lbs. Plain Flour-Mites.
 - 15 lbs. Cooking Fat—Rancid.
 - $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. National Butter—Rancid.
 - 21 lbs. Sugar—Dirty.
 - 61 lbs. Sausages—Decomposition.
 - $4\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. Bacon—Fly blown.
 - 265 lbs. Pigs Heads—Decomposition.
 - $36\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Pork—Decomposition.
 - 14 lbs. Beef—Extensive Bruising.
 - 60 lbs. Seedless Raisins—Mouldy.
 - 40 lbs. Sultanas—Mouldy.
- 3072 bags Egyptian onions—Decomposition.
 - 24½ tons Bananas—Decomposition.

Byelaws under Section 15, Food & Drugs Act 1938.

Byelaws relating to the handling, wrapping and delivery of food and sale of food in the open air came into operation on 22nd December, 1952.

Two traders were warned verbally but in no case was it necessary to institute proceedings.

RODENT CONTROL

The control scheme in operation in the district is approved by the Infestation Division of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and so ranks for grant. One full time Rodent operator is employed on this work.

Only two major infestations were found during the year and treatments were, in the main, in respect of minor infestations. Close liaison has been maintained with the officers of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and the Holland Agriculture Executive Committee.

The following table shows the amount of work done during the year:—

	Local Autho- rity	Dwell- ing Houses	Agricul tural	Other Proper- ties	Total
Total Number of Properties in the District	11	4562	226	350	5149
No. of Following complaints		111	1	18	130
Inspected otherwise	6	794	3	56	859
No. of Properties found Major to be infested with rats Minor	3	291	2 2	63	2 359
No. of Properties found to be infested with mice		8		2	10
No. of infested properties treated	3	275	3	59	340
No. of Notices served under Sec. 4 of the Act					
No. of cases in which work was carried out in default			_		
Legal Proceedings					
No. of "Block" Control schemes carried out	40		_		

FACTORIES ACTS 1937 AND 1948

During the year the undermentioned work was done in respect of factories:—

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to Health

ъ.	27	Number of				
Premises	No. on Register	Inspec- tions	Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted		
1. Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are enforced by Local Authorities.	15	13	3			
2. Factories not included in 1 in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority.	98	29	3			
3. Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authorities.	7	6	1			

2. Cases in which defects were found

No. of cases in which defects were found

	Found	Reme- died	Referred to H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspec- tor	Precau
Want of Cleanliness (Sec. 1)	4	4	—		
Ineffective drainage of Floors (Sec. 6)	1				
Sanitary Conveniences (Sec. 7)					
(a) Insufficient	2	1		70	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1			
(c) Not separate for sexes					
Other offences against the Act	1	1	6	1	
Total	9	7	6	3	

